THE DAILY GAZETTE.

No. 3133. COLORADO SPRINGS, FRIDAY, JULY 11, 1884. Price Five Cents

BALLOTING BEGUN.

Nominating Speeches Concluded One Ballot Taken.

Cleveland Leads, but is Far Short of the Nomination.

The Platform Presented--Butler Sat Down Upon.

Nobody Displeased by the Plank on the Tariff.

Tammany Snubbed by Some of the Speech-Makers.

"Intense Admiration" of S. J. Tilden Expressed.

Weary Workers.

CHICAGO, June 10.—For the first time since the opening of the convention there was not a jam at the Palmer House this morning before eight o'clock. For some reason, perhaps the fatigues of yesterday's session and last night's marching, people slept late. It was a relief to be able to walk through the large corridors of the hotel without being crushed, and it was agreeable to those who have business in the Palmer to reflect that the nervous excitement was telling upon the over zealous visitors and fagging them out. The reflection was only short lived, however, for by 9 o'clock the rotunda and corridors had again filled up. The tremendous crush which has characterized the past week was repeated again.

THE SITUATION

This morning does not differ materially from that of yesterday morning. The second day's events of the convention developed only one thing. This was the stubborn determination of the field to beat Cleveland at any sacrifice and by any means. It was generally conceded that the action of the Tammany men in openly apposing Cleveland was without precedent, but that it had done the New York governor no material harm. The Cleveland men are strong in their belief that they can bring matters to a crisis at their option. They could therefore afford to be generous, and in asking the convention to indulge Senator Grady in his

ATTACK UPON CLEVELAND

yesterday, Chairman Manning was only carrying out the policy of the Cleveland men which is to create the impression that they are safe in their strength, and can afford to grant a few concessions.

The Platform.

CHICAGO, July 10.—The sub committee of the committee on resolutions made its report to the general committee shortly before noon this morning. The majority report of the sub-committee was signed by all members with the exception of General Butler, who presented a minority report. The two reports are now (12.45) under discussion and it is not expected that a platform will be submitted to the convention until seven o'clock this evening. Messrs. Converse, Hewitt and Watterson were appointed a committee to punctuate and burnish up the final report before it is sent in to the convention. Members of the committee seem to think that the platform as it will be presented will be satisfactory as a whole.

The committee on resolutions have elected Morrison, of Illinois, chairman, and will report a revenue platform. Nothing about protection is contained in it. It is said Butler's minority report is sensational.

The tariff plank is in principal a tariff for revenue only with the demand that no more shall be collected than is necessary for the proper administration of the government. The minority report claims that the platform is not sufficiently in the interest of the laboring class.

Following is the tariff portion of Butler's platform:

Resolved, That no taxes, direct or indirect, can be rightfully imposed upon the people except to meet the expenses of an economically administered government. To bring taxation down to this point is true administrative revenue reform.

Resolved, That the people will tolerate direct taxation for the ordinary expenses of the government only in case of dire necessity or war.

Resolved, therefore, that the revenue necessary for such expenses should be raised by customs duties upon imports after the manner of our fathers.

Resolved, That in levying such duties two principles should be carefully observed, first, that all materials used in the arts and manufactures, and the necessaries of life not produced in this country shall come in free, and that all articles of luxury should be taxed as high as possible up to the collection point. Second, that in imposing customs duties the law must be carefully adjusted to promote American enterprise and industries, not to create monopolies, and cherish and foster American labor.

The Notifying Committee

CHICAGO, July 10.—A committee was appointed to wait upon the presidential and vice presidential candidates. The committee includes C. C. Burns of Kansas, D. R. France of Missouri, P. Fahey of Nebraska, G. H. Oury of Arizona and George W. Stevedore of New Mexico. No appointment was made for Colorado.

Roberts vs. Grady.

The following dispatch has been received from New York by Mr. Manning, chairman of the New York delegation.

NEW YORK, July 9.

Daniel Manning, chairman New York State delegation, Chicago.

Reading of to day's proceedings and Mr. Grady's remarks concerning Governor Cleveland, I telegraph you that I was a representative Irishman before Grady was born, and as such believe I know the sentiments of my countrymen and co religonists and place my assertions against his. Nine-tenths of the Irishmen of New York are in favor of Governor Cleveland's nomination, and the universal sentiment expressed in this city to-night is that Grady has uttered a vile calumny against the Irish and Catholics of America.

WM. R. ROBERTS.

Convention Proceedings

CHICAGO, June 10.—The hour for meeting is long past and delegates are still coming in. There are occasional cheers and music by the band. The visitors' seats are being fully occupied. The scene is an animated one. The Cleveland men confidently predict his nomination if a ballot is reached to-day. Among the distinguished gentlemen occupying seats on the platform were Speaker Carlisle and Hon. Wm. H. English, of Indiana, the last democratic candidate for the vice presidency. Hon. Samuel J. Randall was not present. The convention was called to order at 11:10.

The proceedings were opened with prayer by Rev. George C. Lorimer of the Emanuel Baptist church of Chicago. He rendered thanks for a country where liberty has found a refuge, labor and opportunity, domestic virtue a shield and humanity a temple. He prayed that the nation may be awakened to realize that not in material prosperity, nor in wealth by greatness and salvation, but in those virtues and principles announced in the word of God, and echoed down through the centuries; that in this country liberty may not degenerate into license, nor authority into tyranny, nor capital into oppression, nor labor into riotousness, nor conviction into bigotry and superstition. He asked for a blessing on the convention; that the high sentiments and ennobling principles that fell from the lips of the speakers yesterday may become the governing principles of the great party and that its affairs to-day may be so ordered that the nominee of the convention will be a man of lofty character, of resplendent reputation, whose attitude before the people shall be an inspiration to the growing manhood of the people and that if such nominee be elected he may be a blessing to the nation and not a scourge.

Carter Harrison, of Illinois, rising to a personal explanation repelled the intimation made by one of the speakers yesterday, that he had packed the hall with a clique which applauded his speech in seconding the nomination of Governor Cleveland.

A communication was received and read from the chairman of the committee on resolutions stating that the committee, notwithstanding constant and patient efforts, had not yet been able to complete the platform and would not be prepared to make a complete report before 7 p. m.

NOMINATIONS—THURMAN.

The unfinished business of yesterday, being the call of states for nominations, was resumed.

Mansur, of Missouri, came to the platform and made a nomination speech. He said that Missouri would have given thirty-two stalwart democratic votes for the old ticket, headed by the sage of Gramercy and his venerated friend from Indiana (Mr. Hendricks). As they could not have the old ticket he had been casting about to see who was the man who in the emergency should lead the embattled hosts of the democracy to a grand and glorious victory. Nothing short of a blunder could make the democracy lose the election. With twenty-five democratic governors and twenty-three democratic legislatures representing 253 electoral votes out of 401, nothing but a fatal blunder could make the democracy lose. The man, in his mind, was spoken of as "the noblest Roman of them all," Allan G. Thurman, of Ohio. He therefore seconded that nomination. He looked into Mr. Thurman's face yesterday and recognized in him "the colossal democrat" of the country, "the Bismarck of America." With Thurman as their standard-bearer they could carry Ohio and New York and California. In proof of this statement he repeated a conversation he had had with General Spinola and other Tammany men, and read telegrams from Ohio and California. In conclusion he declared, "before God," that the democracy was hungry even unto death, not for the venal spoils of office, but for the glory of doing good to their fellow men. [Laughter and applause.]

Livingston, of Missouri, rose to second the nomination of Grover Cleveland, but the chairman stated that it would require unanimous consent. "No matter," said Livingston, "we have got our work in anyhow." [Laughter.]

HOADLEY NOMINATED.

Thos. Powell, of Ohio, came to the platform to put in nomination the name of George Hoadley, of Ohio. He declared that if the democracy was true to itself its success in the coming struggle was already assured. Within the last few years, he said, the state had overcome a republican majority of over 100,000 and at this hour the government of Ohio was in the keeping of the great democratic party. The man who had been the acknowledged leader in bringing about that change was the candidate whom he now presented, Governor George Hoadley, of Ohio. [Some applause.] Mr. Hoadley has received the largest endorsement ever given to a democrat in Ohio, having received 19,000 more votes than Hancock had received in 1880. He was known to the nation as a great lawyer, a wise statesman, a fearless and aggressive leader, a man of acknowledged ability, of undoubted integrity, a man of courage as well as of wisdom.

RANDALL'S NOMINATION.

The state of Pennsylvania having been reached in the call, Senator William A. Wallace, of that state, came to the platform to nominate Mr. Randall. He said: "By the direction of the Pennsylvania delegation, I come to present the name of a candidate for the great office of president of the United States. The name which I bring you is found on every page of your country's and your party's history in the last two decades. [Applause.] It is that of no untried tyro in political affairs, it is that of a man in the prime and vigor of his matured manhood, with every faculty trained in practical government. An official life of 20 years lies behind him, clear, luminous and pure. No dishonest action, no corrupt practice has ever stained his escutcheon. [Applause.] While many of his contemporaries in official life have grown rich through devious and unknown means, he is still a poor man [cheers], whose highest aim has been fully to serve his people and his republic. Democrats, the hour has struck for the nomination of a democrat grounded in the faith and tried in the stern crucible of his party's service. [Cheers.] The pathway of expediency lies behind us strown with the wrecks of our failures. Let us be honest now, let us stand by the record of our own pure public men, let us boldly appeal to the people on that record and spurn the delusive promise of our bitter foe. The name of such a man we bring you. His practiced hand, his experienced foresight, his conversance with public affairs will lay the foundations of your return to power so broad, so wide, so deep that they will be permanent. [Applause.] He has been politically the leader of the national house of representatives for 17 years. Favoring a reduction of taxation and an economical administration of the government he has with skill and success resisted the lavish expenditure of the money of the people, the waste of the public domain and unconstitutional and tyrannical force bills. [Applause.] His iron will has put the knife to corrupting extravagance and compelled a return to comparative purity of administration. Earnest in purpose, pure in life, grand tribune of the people and a statesman, no favor sways him and no fear can awe. This man, her son, Pennsylvania presents to the democracy of the union here assembled in convention as her candidate for the mighty office of president of the United States in the person of Samuel J. Randall." [Loud applause and cheers.]

Governor Abbett, of New Jersey, seconded the nomination of Randall. He said that there was a conviction in the land that it wisdom controls the convention of the democratic party in making a platform broad enough for every democrat to stand upon and in placing upon it a candidate of trascendent ability and pure life, success lies in the result of their deliberations. He believed that Sam'l J. Randall as the candidate would reach the controlling vote in the pivotal states more certainly than any of the distinguished men named. He asked, "Where does success lie" not in Minnesota, not in Iowa, or any of the confirmed republican states, but those close states which were carried by Tilden in 1876." He reviewed the arguments urged for Cleveland and said these all applied to Thurman, Bayard and others. Then what excuse in putting aside these grand democratic vote ans for a new man? The record of Randall is pure and stainless, while his public career for twenty years has been in behalf of an economical, an honest government. These are practical efforts for reform; Randall would sweep New Jersey like a great political cyclone. He is the friend of the laborers everywhere and the convention could do no better than to nominate him.

The call of the roll of states for nominations was then resumed. Rhode Island had no candidate to offer.

MASSACHUSETTS' CHOICE.

Mr. Abbott, chairman of the Massachusetts delegation, said that when that state was called yesterday she presented no name. Now in the behalf of the majority of that delegation, he asked that Mr. John W. Cummings might second the nomination of Mr. Bayard.

Mr. Cummings then came forward to the platform and addressed the convention in support of the nomination of Thos. F. Bayard of Delaware. It had been said that the electoral vote of the south was sure for any democratic nominee. The south had kept its faith unfalteringly and unflinchingly. But it must be seen to that no democratic convention committed itself to a nomination or a nominee that would in some degree imperil these states in the future. The best man whom the democracy could give would be none too good to carry the banner of the democracy, and none too pure or high for the great democracy of the south; and pure and high and exalted as the nominee he could be no more so than Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware. [Cheers.] They came to put the garment of success upon their nominee. It must not be a rent and tattered garment like that New York presented. It must be a whole, entire, faultless garment. [Applause.] A large part of the New York delegation was bound hand and foot in this convention. He, himself, represented the fighting labor district of Massachusetts, and he could tell the convention that if it forced upon the democratic party the man who had rent the garment of success in New York the party would lose the state of Massachusetts. His district was populated with workingmen opposed to the grasping greed of monopolists and he declared to the convention, the labor element of the country, that if they tried to put the torn garment of New York on the candidate of the democratic party they would banish the labor vote and lose the election. [Cheers.]

Leroy F. Yeoman, of South Carolina, also seconded the nomination of Mr. Bayard. It was manifest from the applause with which the name of Senator Bayard was received this morning that at last the opposition to Cleveland had found a strong leader who is skillfully organizing to stem the tide that has been sweeping New York on towards the goal of success. Heretofore the opposing delegates have been striking wildly and heartlessly. The threats of Grady and Cochrane only seemed to serve to increase the strength of Cleveland. When Massachusetts appeared on the platform in the person of Mr. Cummings to second the nomination of Senator Bayard, it was evident that Benjamin F. Butler was the leader organizing the opposition and that he expects the south to present a solid front in Bayard's support under the influence of Senators Hampton, Vance, Lamar and others of the states of that section. The delay in perfecting a platform was felt to be a part of the scheme, as it gives time for organization.

CLEVELAND'S SUPPORT.

M. M. Rose, of Arkansas, stated that after much consultation and consideration the Arkansas delegation had determined unanimously to cast its votes for Grover Cleveland, of New York. [Applause.] As to the objection that Mr. Cleveland had enemies at home, the reply was that no man could with fidelity to principle administer the office of governor of New York without making enemies at home. If they found a man without enemies, they would find a man who had not that elevation of character necessary to the candidate of a great party.

When the state of Wisconsin was called it was announced that a majority of that delegation had voted to support the nomination of Governor Cleveland and had assigned its chairman, General Bragg, to second the nomination. General Bragg declared that the young democrats of Wisconsin loved and revered Mr. Cleveland not only for himself, for his character, for his integrity, judgment and iron will, but they loved him most for the enemies that he had made. [Enthusiastic applause.]

Grady, of New York, here rose and shouted out that the enemies whom the gentleman alluded to reciprocated that sentiment. [Very general hisses.]

Bragg was thankful to the gentleman for calling himself to his attention. He spoke of the disgraceful spectacle which that gentleman had presented yesterday and said that the opposition to Governor Cleveland came from those whom he had cut off from the fleshpots. "The vilest," said he, "may deride a splendid statue, but they necessarily disgrace themselves." The men who talked about "the rights of labor" were political tricksters who placed their camp wherever there was prospect of profit, but the honest, intelligent horny-handed workingmen would be found following the old democratic flag. The labor of these political tricksters had been on the crank of a machine. Their study had been political chicanery in the midnight conclave, and the only cure for them was in a free application of rope. [Cheers.]

Henry O Kent, of New Hampshire, also seconded the nomination of Mr. Cleveland. He said that New Hampshire was to-day one of the doubtful states, the democracy being only in a minority of five hundred, and he believed that with the right candidate that state might be turned over to the democracy. Success was a duty. The record of James G Blaine bodes no good to the republic. Should he be made president they might almost tremble for constitutional liberty. He therefore, in behalf of New Hampshire and in behalf largely, he believed, of New England, seconded the nomination of the man who had been tried and found worthy, and who would rally to his support more fully than any other man the independent vote of the country, which desired reform in politics. In confradiction of the assertion that Governor Cleveland could not carry his own state he cited the authority of ex Senator Francis Kernan, of New York, of Horatio W. Seymour, of New York, and of Sam'l J Tilden, of New York. [Cheers.]

Ex Senator Doolittle of Wisconsin also seconded the nomination of Mr. Cleveland, declaring his belief that with that candidate the democracy would carry the electoral vote of Wisconsin, and that he would more surely than any other candidate carry the electoral vote of New York. He therefore appealed to the convention not to throw away this great opportunity, because with Cleveland and reform the democracy was sure of victory at the coming election.

The call of states being completed the chairman cited that in his opinion the territories were not entitled to be called and the list of candidates would be read.

Before this was done however Connecticut demanded to be heard and Mr. Waller said that the Connecticut delegation had come here with no candidate of their own and with opposition to none, not even to Tammany hall. [Laughter.] They had joined in the cheers and applause and had enjoyed the scenes presented in this magnificent convention. They had met eight hundred delegates to select in the name of the people a man to do what? to rule over them? No; to rule not over them, but for them. The Connecticut delegation had had the pleasure of listening to eloquent speeches and of greeting the grey-haired statesman Allan G. Thurman. [Cheers.] They had also listened to the unfortunate controversy in the Empire state. They had hoped that the chasm between the two factions would have been filled up, as it would be very soon. So far as the Connecticut delegation were concerned they were ready to give in their verdict. They might make a mistake. Fallibility was common to all; but they would now second the nomination of Governor Cleveland. [Loud cheers.]

The names of the candidates were then announced as follows, each name being greeted with cheers, but by far the greatest demonstration being for Cleveland: Thos. Francis Bayard of Delaware, Joseph E. McDonald of Indiana, John G. Carlisle of Kentucky, Grover Cleveland of New York.

EVENING SESSION.

The evening session of the convention was attended by an immense gathering of spectators and as the delegations came in and prominent men among them were recognized they were greeted with cheers and clapping of hands. Meanwhile popular airs were performed by the band of music. There was a far intenser feeling of excitement vibrating in the atmosphere than was apparent at any preceding session, for it has been a matter of general observation among those who have attended both the republican convention and this one that there has been a striking contrast between the enthusiasm manifested in the one and the absence of it in the other. None of the prominent candidates seem to be capable of exciting the delegates or spectators to anything like the degree that Blaine and some of his rivals for the republican nomination did.

At 8.25 the convention was called to order and a resolution was offered by Henry, of Mississippi, expressing the regret and intense admiration of the convention at reading the statesmanlike and patriotic letter of Samuel J. Tilden, in which he made known the overpowering and providential necessity which constrained him to decline the nomination to the presidency, condemning the fraud and violence by which Tilden and Hendricks were cheated out of their offices in 1876, expressing regret that the nation has been deprived of the lofty patriotism and splendid executive and administrative ability of Tilden, and appointing a committee to convey these sentiments to that gentleman. Adopted.

On motion of Cleveland of New Jersey it was ordered that the states and territories be now called for the names of members of the national democratic committee.

A report was made by the committee on resolutions in favor of the proposition to permit the national committee to choose a chairman outside of its own members. The report was adopted.

A delegate from Arkansas offered a resolution abrogating and discontinuing in the future the two-thirds rule in the nomination of candidates for president and vice president.

Cochrane, of New York, moved to lay the resolution on the table, characterizing it as a revolutionary proposition.

Abbott, of New Jersey, said it was absurd for the convention to attempt to make a rule for the next convention, and he moved to postpone the resolution indefinitely.

Cochrane withdrawing his motion the question was taken up and the motion to postpone indefinitely was carried.

At 9.20 Morrison, of Illinois, chairman of the committee on resolutions, stepped to the platform to present the report of that committee. His appearance was greeted with cheers. The platform was read by one of the reading clerks. The reading of the platform was concluded at 10 o'clock. It was listened to attentively and with very few interruptions. In fact none of its paragraphs except that referring to Mr. Tilden elicited any marked indications of approval. There was however a slight manifestation of applause when the reading closed.

Mr. Morrison said he would yield now to General Butler to present a minority report. He would then allow General Butler 30 minutes to discuss his report, 10 minutes to Mr. Converse of Ohio and 5 minutes to Mr. Watterson, and then he would move the previous question and ask for a vote.

General Butler said that most things in the platform he agreed to. Some things ought to be added to it and one thing specially ought to be changed. That he would submit to the better judgment of the convention. He asked the clerk to read his report. The clerk commenced by enunciating slowly and very distinctly the words, "General Butler's platform," which caused a general laugh.

THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

On the call of states the following were announced as members of the national committee: Alabama, Henry C. Semple; Arkansas, S. W. Fordice; California, William F. Tarpey; Colorado, M. S. Waller; Connecticut, W. H. Barnum; Florida, Samuel Pasco; Georgia, Patrick Walsh; Illinois, S. Corning Judd, Indiana, Austin H. Brown; Iowa, M. M. Ham; Kansas, C. A. Blair; Kentucky, Henry V. McHenry; Louisiana, B. F. Jones; Maine, Edmund Wilson; Maryland, A. P. Gorman; Michigan, Don M. Dickinson; Minnesota, P. A. Kelly; Missouri, John G. Prather; Mississippi, C. A. Johnson; Nebraska, James E. Boyd; Nevada, Dennis E. McCarthy; New Hampshire, A. W. Sullaway; North Carolina, W. H. Ransom; Ohio, W. W. Armstrong; Rhode Island, J. B. Barnaby; South Carolina, Francis W. Dawson; Tennessee, Robt. S. Looney; Texas, O. O. L Holt; Vermont, Hon. B. B. Smalley; Virginia, J. S. Barber; West Virginia; Louis Baker; Wisconsin, Wm. F. Vilas; Arizona, W. K. Meade; District Columbia, Wm. Dickson; Idaho, J. Haley; Dakota M. H. Day; Utah, K. B. Roseborough; Montana, Wm. McCormick; Washington Territory, J. A. Kuhn; New Mexico, not announced; Wyoming, M. E. Post.

General Butler addressed the convention. He said he agreed with most of the things in the platform. He differed in the tariff plank. He wanted protection for labor. The plank proposed was too indefinite. The convention must protect laborers to win.

Converse of Ohio spoke in favor of the platform as reported by the majority of the committee. Reforms must be gradual.

Henry W. Watterson, of Kentucky, next addressed the convention. He said the members of the convention had found that the differences between them were not so great as had been imagined. The committee had given to the convention a revenue platform on which all of them could afford to stand. [Applause.] The committee denounced the abuses of the present war tariff and declared that all federal taxation should be exclusively for public purposes and that no more tax should be collected than was requisite to support the government economically administered. There had been in the committee a substantial agreement on a question that had divided the party hitherto, vouch more than it would ever divide it again. [Applause.]

Morrison moved the previous question on the report and substitute, and it was ordered.

The vote was then taken by states on Butler's substitute, and it was rejected, ayes, 97½, noes 714½. The vote was then taken on the majority report and the platform was adopted.

The convention then, at 11.40 p. m., proceeded to ballot for candidate for the presidency. Before the state of Alabama had responded to the call a motion for a recess till to-morrow morning was interposed and a vote upon it taken by states. The vote on taking a recess resulted in the negative; yeas 196, noes 616½.

The convention then proceed at 12.05 to take the first ballot with the following result:

STATES	Cleveland.	Bayard.	Hendricks.	Thurman.	McDonald.	Carlisle.
Alabama	9	16	..	3	1	....
Arkansas	14	..	..	..	..	....
California	..	..	..	16	..	....
Colorado	..	..	..	1	6	....
Connecticut	12	..	..	..	..	....
Delaware	..	6	..	..	..	....
Florida	6	..	..	..	..	....
Georgia	10	12	2	..	..	....
Illinois	21	2	1	1	11	....
Indiana	26	1	..	..	1	....
Iowa	11	5	..	2	..	....
Kansas	..	..	..	..	20	....
Kentucky	13	1	..	1	..	....
Louisiana	12	..	..	..	..	....
Maine	6	10	..	..	..	....
Maryland	..	22	..	..	..	....
Massachusetts	14	1	..	1	..	....
Michigan	14	..	..	..	..	....
Minnesota	1	15	1	1	..	....
Mississippi	15	10	3	1	1	....
Missouri	1	1	..	1	..	....
Nebraska	..	..	..	1	..	....
Nevada	..	..	..	..	..	....
New Hampshire	..	..	..	..	..	....
New Jersey	4	..	11	..	..	....
New York	72	..	..	..	..	....
North Carolina	..	7	..	..	..	....
Ohio	35	..	..	21	..	....
Oregon	4	..	..	..	..	....
Pennsylvania	4	..	55	..	..	....
Rhode Island	2	..	..	..	..	....
South Carolina	11	11	..	..	..	....
Tennessee	13	..	1	1	3	....
Texas	11	11	..	4	10	....
Vermont	..	..	..	..	..	....
Virginia	11	..	..	1	1	....
West Virginia	4	5	5	..	2	1
Wisconsin	1	3	..	..	..	....
Arizona	1	..	..	..	..	....
Dakota	1	..	..	..	..	....
District of Columbia	..	..	2	..	..	....
Idaho	1	..	..	..	..	....
Montana	1	..	..	..	..	....
New Mexico	1	..	..	..	..	....
Utah	1	..	1	..	..	....
Washington territory	1	..	..	..	..	....
Wyoming	2	..	..	..	..	....
Totals	371	173	80	81	65	27

Scattering 3.

After the last territory was called Massachusetts corrected her vote as follows: For Bayard, 21; Cleveland 5; Thurman 2. West Virginia also changed her vote as follows: For Randall 1; Bayard 2; Cleveland 7; Thurman 2. Ohio also changed her vote as follows: For Cleveland. 21: Hoadley 2; Thurman 23. The result of the vote was at 12.40 announced as follows: Whole number of votes cast 820; necessary for a choice 547.

Cleveland	392
Bayard	171
Randall	78
Thurman	68
McDonald	56
Carlisle	27
Hoadley	2
Flower	4
Tilden	1
Hendricks	1

There was some cheering, not very much, after the announcement.

McCafferty, of Massachusetts, moved an adjournment till to-morrow morning.

The vote was taken by states and resulted, ayes 404, noes 412; so the convention refused to adjourn.

A question as to the correctness of the vote was made by Black, of Illinois.

The chairman directed the clerk to read the vote of the states as recorded and said if errors were discovered in the record they might be corrected.

The record proved to be correct. Another motion to adjourn was made at 1.10 a. m. The motion having been seconded by New York it was agreed to and the convention adjourned till 10 to morrow morning.

Colorado Editors.

MANITOU, July 10.—The Colorado Press association and ladies accompanying them, numbering about 50 people, left Denver this afternoon at 4 o'clock, occupying two reclining chair cars placed at their disposal by Major Hooper, of the Denver and Rio Grande, and attached to the regular Manitou train of the road named. After a pleasant ride of three hours the party arrived here and are quartered at the Mansion. This evening the party are enjoying a hop gotten up by the hotel named in honor of the association. A number of eastern visitors sojourning here are mingling freely with the Colorado pencil drivers. The weather is magnificent.

To-morrow morning the whole party will take carriages and visit Glen Eyrie, the Garden of the Gods, Rainbow falls and other points of interest. Returning they go by special train and will stop a few hours at Palmer Lake, where a number of members from Denver are expected to meet them.

DENVER, July 10.—The State Press Association meeting to-day voted to hold a midwinter session at which an oration, a poem and special essays on professional topics will be read. Several new members were elected including ex-Senator Tabor, honorary. Following are the officers for the ensuing year: President, George West, Central; vice president, Chas. R. Bryan, Idaho Springs; recording secretary, W. E. Pabor; trustee and corresponding secretary, C. O. Zeigenfuse; treasurer, R. W. Tilney, Boulder; executive committee, K. G. Cooper, Denver, A. H. Comsen, Colorado Springs, John Arkins, Denver.

Denver Defs.

DENVER, July 10.—Frank DeWalt, defaulting president of the First National bank of Leadville, was on trial to-day. The testimony is all in and argument begun. DeWalt was the only witness for the defense and was uneasy under cross examination, flatly refusing to answer regarding some transactions. The case was given to the jury this evening. At 10 o'clock p. m. the jury returned a verdict of guilty. DeWalt's attorney will apply for new trial. Court adjourned till morning.

A special to the Times from Black Hawk announces Jason E. Scobey attempted suicide by shooting with a revolver. He was suffering from delirium.

A special from Central states that fire is raging in the timber, burning buildings. Wide Awake is in immediate danger. The smoke was seen here.

Peter F. Barclay is in town, expecting orders daily from Washington to begin arrangements for erecting the new government building.

Senator Bowen arrived in the city to-day.

China Preparing for war.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 10.—Referring to the dispatch from Paris last night that war between France and China is believed inevitable the Call this morning published a long article on information previously received from a high and reliable source confirming the statement. It also publishes a letter from Tso Sung Tang, military gland secretary, dated Tien-Tsing, May 19, '84, to a wealthy and influential Chinaman of this city announcing a determination to combat the French and ordering tax to be levied on all Chinese here, in Denver, New York and elsewhere in the United States, for the purpose of providing funds for the imperial treasury for this object. Half a million dollars raised in this way were sent to China July 1st on the steamer Tokio. A like amount will be forwarded on the next steamer.

Another letter received through Tong King Sing, president of the Chinese Merchants Steam Navigation company, referring to a previous one, says: A secret treaty was made in December, '83, between Germany and China, whereby Germany will support the latter in a war with France, in return Germany to exercise a sovereignty over the island of Formosa and construct naval military stations at different points for the Chinese government. China will refuse the payment of 250,000,000 indemnity to France.

Base Ball.

TOLEDO, July 10.—Toledo 6, Metropolitans 4.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 10.—Indianapolis 4, Washingtons 2.

LOUISVILLE, July 10. Louisville 5, Baltimores 4. (15 innings.)

ST. LOUIS, July 10. St. Louis 11, Allegheny 12.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Nationals 7, Cincinnati Unions 1.

The Cholera Plague.

WASHINGTON, July 10. Secretary Frelinghuysen received from the consul at Marseilles the following telegram: "Situation at Toulon unchanged; 14 to 17 deaths daily from cholera, Marseilles worse. Deaths since Friday inclusive 11, 15, 25, 23, 23, last night 22 in 12 hours. No emigration to the states is reported.

MARSEILLES, July 10.—Twenty-five deaths last evening; 26 deaths to-day.

TOULON, July 10.—Ten deaths, including the lady superior of the Sisters of charity.

An Interesting Paper.

NEW YORK, July 10.—The editor of the Sun, Dana, has agreed to prepare a paper to be read before the first reunion of the veteran army at Boston. It will contain the secret history of Dana's visit to Gen Sheridan at the front during the last campaign in the Shenandoah valley.

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

DAILY GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY

THE GAZETTE PUBLISHING COMPANY

DAILY—IN ADVANCE.

Per annum.....$10.00 | Six Months.....$5.00
Three Months.....2.50 | One Month.....1.00

WEEKLY—IN ADVANCE.

Per annum.....$2.00 | Six Months.....$1.00
Three Months.....50 | One Month.....25

ADVERTISING

Rates to be known on application at the office.

JOB WORK.

Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Missouri river.

All persons having advertisements in this paper and desiring them discontinued will please make it known at the business office, where they will be properly attended to. We cannot hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in this paper unless notice is thus given.

Mr. George E. Macklin is authorized collector and solicitor for the Gazette Publishing company.

No claims are allowed against any employe of the GAZETTE to offset any of our accounts.

All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.

Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not want any advertising from them.

R. W. STEELE,
Manager of the GAZETTE.

The news of the appointment of Mr. W. S. Jackson as receiver of the Denver & Rio Grande railway has been heard in Wall street and the stock rose from 7⅞ to 8¼.

The nominating speeches in the democratic convention yesterday were unusually good. Even a republican can admire the manly way in which Mr. Bragg of Wisconsin paid his compliments to Tammany.

Mr. Powell, in nominating Governor Hoadly, of Ohio, yesterday, said that he was the man who had carried Ohio last year. He should have stated how he did it. He opened the campaign by making so many blunders that his managers sent him out of the state and his absence secured the great victory.

The universal satisfaction which the appointment of Mr. W. S. Jackson as receiver of the Denver & Rio Grande railway is giving show the great wisdom of the selection by Judge Hallett. It was generally recognized that the appointment ensured intelligent and wise management of the property and protection of the industrial and business interests of the state, that are linked so closely with the interests of the road. The appointment is regarded as solely in the interests of the property. There will be a management independent of all cliques and factions. It is impossible to conceive of any appointment being made that would be more satisfactory to the employe, the merchant, and the manufacturer. That it is satisfactory to the parties most interested, the bondholders, it is unnecessary to say, as $13,000,000 of the $14,500,000 in bonds, represented in the court, asked for his appointment and also the trustees of $27,000,000 of the $29,000,000 in mortgage bonds, who are the natural and legal custodians of the interests of the bondholders, asked for his appointment. We copy a few of the notices received, which though possibly inaccurate regarding the detail of the policy to be pursued, yet contain generous recognition of the ability and character of the appointee, and also indicate spirit with which the appointment was generally received:

The Pueblo Chieftain says: "As we predicted yesterday, Judge Hallett has appointed a Colorado man, identified with the interests of the state, as receiver of the Denver & Rio Grande railway. It will be remembered that Mr. Ellsworth was one of the two gentlemen suggested to the court as proper persons for that position. Mr. Ellsworth was receiver of the road two years ago, and would be a good man. Mr. Jackson, however, is quite as good a man as Judge Hallett could have found. The appointment seems to please everybody out here, though how the Wall street bears will take it is another question. D. & R. G. stock will now be pretty good stuff to own. The position in which Mr. Jackson is now placed is a peculiar one, and he will find it full of demands upon his best judgment. His course will be watched with interest. Those who know him confidently predict a decided change for the better in the condition of this important railroad."

The Denver Tribune: "There can be no doubt of the general and complete satisfaction which the appointment of W. S. Jackson as receiver of the Denver & Rio Grande railway will give. Not alone the holders of the company's securities abroad but the people of Colorado and the west generally, approve the appointment. It assures to the company a conservative, practical, skillful and economical management and an early issue out of all its entanglements. To the state at large and the contiguous territories, it is an assurance of a policy which will at once foster and protect commerce, manufactures and developing resources. It is also an assurance of a management of the road in the sole interest of the property, and independent of all cliques and factions. Mr. Jackson assumes his important trust sustained by the confidence of every individual in interest. No one doubts that events will demonstrate the trust to have been wisely reposed."

The Denver Republican: "Mr. W. S. Jackson was yesterday appointed receiver for the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad company. As his appointment was requested by holders representing the larger sum of the bonds, it is plain that he will be acceptable to those who are interested in the securities of the road, and there can be no question that he will be acceptable to Coloradans. Mr. Jackson is identified with the early history of the road. For five years he was its treasurer, and he is therefore especially competent to restore the road to prosperity. He is a banker, doing business at Colorado Springs, and has the confidence of the people of the entire state, to many of whom he is personally known. He represents no faction and will labor earnestly for the best interests of the road. We understand that his policy will be to keep in operation every branch of the road, and to not permit any section of the country through which the road and its leased lines run to suffer the wants of railroad facilities. He will honor the lease of the Rio Grande Western and recognize Colonel Dodge as its manager. In this he will be in harmony with the recent decision of the Utah courts, in which the lease and Dodge's right under it were tested. It is said that the track which President Lovejoy directed to be torn up, to sever the connection between the Rio Grande and the Rio Grande Western, will, under Receiver Jackson's order, be relaid at once, and that the latter will endeavor to give the road the prestige it deserves as a factor in transcontinental business. This policy will be heartily endorsed by the people of Colorado, and we do not question that it will have the effect which Mr. Jackson so earnestly desires—to restore the road to its former prosperity."

PERSONAL.

Jeff Davis is sad, because his plantation has been under water several weeks.

Alexander B. Stephens' library, which cost him $20,000, has been sacrificed for $8,000.

The Prince of Wales' health is not good. He has taken a place near Dorking, in which he hopes to lead a quiet life for some time.

A company of 450 French priests have just set out for Jerusalem, preparatory to a somewhat extensive tour of the Holy Land.

Ben Butler has not appeared in a democratic convention since he figured at Charleston and Baltimore as the friend of Jeff Davis.

Bayard Taylor's father and mother, still living, up in the nineties in years, inhabit the beautiful country house which Bayard built years ago at Hennett Square, Pa., and which since his death has fruitlessly been offered for sale.

President Walter Quincy Scott is now debating whether to desert the Ohio State University to accept the position of principal of Phillips Exeter Academy, which has been offered him, and he has gone to New Hampshire to look over the new ground.

There is a story told of Lord Hardcastle meeting Poole on the chain pier at Brighton. He stopped him and said: "Look here, Poole, I got this coat of you, and see how badly it fits." Poole took a bit of chalk out of his waistcoat pocket and marked his lordship's coat all over and said, "Take that coat to my cutter, my Lord, and he will make the necessary alterations."

An Indian Girl.

The United Service.

She was not too tall, and was finely formed, though want of food had marred the once rounded contour of her young and shapely limbs. Her hair was long and of a rich purplish black. Her eyes were large, lustrous, full of nature's fire and brightness. Her eyebrows were dark as her hair, and perfectly arched. Her lips were full and of a vivid red. Her teeth, like those of most Indians, were beautifully regular and brilliantly white, though tooth-brush had never touched them. They seemed, however, like all Indian teeth, to have been made to eat raw flesh. I cannot better describe the appearance of Indian teeth. Her cheeks and her forehead were touched with the vermillion dye the squaws use for the purpose of personal adornment; for they too, like too many of their white sisters, endeavor to improve upon nature. Her matted hair fell in long elf-locks and inextricable tangles; it was virgin of a comb. She looked like a savage edition of a head I have seen among Julian's crayon studies. Her dusky arms were bare. A few brass rings ornamented her wrists. Her dress was composed of two rectangular pieces of a dark and coarse woolen stuff bordered with red; the latter is a favorite color of Indians. These pieces were joined at one end, a place being left open for the head to pass through. A piece of buckskin bound them about her waist. Her feet were small and well formed, but truth compels me to confess that they were thickly incrusted with the yellow mud of the Cienega. The nearest approach to a washing they ever made was when her path lay across a brook which she had to ford. Her hands, alas! were covered with dirt and clay, for it was my poor little no-heroine's daily labor to dig up the papa, or Navajo potato, with her young fingers. I should have hesitated to lend her my cloak or my shawl if I intended to wear it again. And if I were compelled to don it again after she had worn it I should cause it to do duty for some days as a fine cloth first. This I have learned from old frontiersmen, from Mexican scouts, guides, etc., removes the unpleasant consequences of Indian wear. The perfume of the wild red rose was not remarkably agreeable. Judged from a dancing school point of view, her step was not graceful. Like all Indians and other untutored children of nature, she turned out her heels and turned in her toes.

Modern Guard Duty.

Col. Closson in Journal Military Service Institution of the United States.

As ordinarily performed, this involves one night out of four at most posts, frequently one out of three, and seldom more than one out of five. Guard duty means that during the 24 hours of its continuance the sentinel shall make a march under arms of some 10 miles for one-third of the time, and be "present for duty equipped" at a moment's notice always. If this happened once a week it would be often enough. Coming, as it does, twice or thrice, it imposes more labor and exposure than all other military duty, and year after year of it tells. There are two ways of meeting this trouble; one, by relaxing the regiments of guard duty to some extent, and one by enlarging the number of men upon whom it is imposed. Its proper performance, so far as security of buildings and stores is concerned, or even the restriction of travel to certain directions, does not require full uniform or even 14-pound musket. "To take charge of all public property in view," when nothing can be seen by the naked eye but a 20-ton gun and a chain pump, hardly demands that a man should pace majestically back and forth from one to the other forever. He would be just as useful if he carried a switch and came round at intervals; if, in fact, he dared to consider himself less of a sentinel and more of a watchman. In these days of telephones, when officers, stables, quarters, &c., can all be put into immediate communication with one another, and a man at his desk may in a moment summon into his presence, or receive a report from, anybody, whether a police sergeant or post surgeon, the time-honored formalities and display of guard duty may well be relieved of much that is out of date and out of use. It can be made much less mechanical and tedious with no loss of value.

Married and Divorced

Judge Noah Davis, in the North American Review.

A is married in New York, where he has resided for years, and has a family, and is the owner of real and other estate. He desires divorce and goes to Indiana, where that thing is cheap and easy. Upon complying with some local rule, and with no actual notice to his wife, he gets a decree of divorce, and presently is married in that state to another wife who brings him other children. He again acquires new estates, but, tiring of his second wife, he deserts her and goes to California, where in a brief space he is again divorced, and then marries again, forming a new family and acquiring new real and personal estates. In a few years his fickle taste changes again and he returns to New York, where he finds his first wife has obtained a valid divorce for his adulterous marriage in Indiana, which sets her free and forbids his marrying again during her lifetime. He then slips into an eastern state, takes a residence, acquires real property there, and, after a period, gets judicially freed from his California bonds. He returns to New York, takes some new affinity, crosses the New Jersey line, and in an hour is back in New York, enjoying so much of his estate as the courts have not adjudged to his first wife, and gives new children to the world. At length his master takes him. He dies intestate. Now, what is the legal status and the condition of the various citizens he has given to our common country? And what can the states of their birth or domicile do for them? A few words will show how difficult and important these questions are. The first wife's children are doubtless legitimate and heirs to his estate everywhere. The Indiana wife's children are legitimate there, but probably illegitimate everywhere else. The California children are legitimate there and in New York, (that marriage having taken place after his first wife had obtained her divorce,) but illegitimate in Indiana and elsewhere, while the second crop of New Yorkers are legitimate in the eastern states and New York and illegitimate in Indiana and California. There is real and personal property in each of these states. There are four widows each entitled to dower and distribution somewhere and to some extent, and a large number of surely innocent children, whose legitimacy and property are at stake. All these legal embarrassments spring from want of uniformity of laws on a subject which should admit of no more diversity than the question of citizenship itself.

Logan's Grammar.

Street Talk, Chicago Herald.

An old street-car driver in the west division had been listening to two men who were ridiculing Logan's lack of scholarship until he boiled over something like this: "Prob'ly John Logan can't talk in er grammarly manner. Prab'ly he can't; but let me tell yer of one time when he did talk, and it sounded good to every one that heerd, whether grammarly or not, I dunno. We'd been pelting the rebs afore Atlanta, and they'd pelted us until I guess we both got tired—I know we had. My hat had been shot off, and I borrowed another from a friend of mine who dropped by my side. Pretty soon they got some guns around on the left and began whipsawing us. I seen some of our men flying ten foot in the air, and there wan't nothing but rebs anywhere around. I looked back for a minute to see if there was a way out, when who'd I see a coming up, followed by about 10,000 blue coats, but John Logan. He didn't have no hat on, and was about fifty yards in front of the boys, and says he to us when he comes up: "Fall back there, boys! Don't fire no more! We're a coming for 'em, our souls!" Now, I spose maybe that wan't grammarly, but an angel right from heaven couldn't have sung any sweeter words to me just then."

$11,950 IN CASH GIVEN AWAY

To SMOKERS of Blackwell's Genuine Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco.

This Special Deposit is to guarantee the payment of the 25 premiums fully described in our former announcements.

The premiums will be paid, no matter how small the number of bags returned may be.

Office of W. Duke, Sons & Co., Durham, N. C., May 10, 1884.

P. A. WILEY, Esq.,
Cashier Bank of Durham, Durham, N. C.

DEAR SIR:—We inclose you $11,950.00, which please place on Special Deposit to pay premiums for our empty sidework bags to be returned Dec. 15th. Yours truly, J. S. CARR, President.

Office of the Bank of Durham, Durham, N. C., May 10, 1884.

J. S. CARR, Esq.,
Pres. Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Co.

DEAR SIR:—I have to acknowledge receipt of $11,950.00 from you, which we have placed upon Special Deposit for the object you state.

Yours truly, P. A. WILEY, Cashier.

Note examine without failure of BULL on the package.

☞ See our other announcements.

Young Men Read This.

The VOLTAIC BELT CO., of Marshall, Mich., offer to send their celebrated ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred, as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.

dwb-5-1y

Appleton's Illustrated Guide to Mexico.

INCLUDING A

Chapter on Guatemala, and a Complete English-Speaking Vocabulary.

By ALFRED R. CONKLING,

Member of the New York Academy of Sciences and formerly United States Geologist.

Letter from Gen. Grant.

NEW YORK CITY, Dec. 3, 1883.

Dear Sir—I have read over the advance sheets of your excellent "Guide Book to Mexico" with great pleasure. It supplies a want now for the first time being felt. Mexico, with all her resources of soil, climate, and mines, has not attracted much of the attention of people of other lands until within the last three or four years. Now, with the rapid strides she is making—and is destined to make—toward a commercial prosperity, rarely equaled by any nation in the past, travel to that country will increase many fold, and your book will give the traveler the information he wants. Information is wonderfully condensed in it, and I wonder at its completeness in so little space.

Very truly yours, U. S. GRANT.

Alfred R. Conkling, Esq.

With a Railway Map and Numerous Illustrations. 12mo., cloth, price $2.00. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of price.

D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,

1, 3 & 5, Bond St., New York.

E. D. SABINE,

GENERAL

Insurance Agent,

Will insure the insurable in the

Equitable Life Assurance Society

Of the United States, the leading institution of its kind in the world, to wit:

New business in 1883	$81,126,356.00
Assets, January 1, 1884	60,403,260.00
Surplus by N. Y. Standard	12,109,759.00
Paid Policy Holders in 1883	6,481,070.00

Having been insured in this honorable company for 14 years, I can recommend its policies with a clear conscience, for I speak from experience. If you are not insured and can pass a medical examination, do not fail to get a policy when you call.

THERE IS NOTHING LIKE IT!

When the dark days come there is no rock equal to a policy in the Equitable, and

Don't You Forget It!

Fire Insurance.

WE represent the

Best Companies in the World,

Companies whose cash assets amount to nearly $50,000,000 in good American securities, hold for the payment of fire losses. They are not the assets of Life, Departments and "Unpaid Stock Subscriptions," cunningly advertised as fire assets, that the unwary may be deceived.

If you want a well written policy in a first-class company, come to the

Colorado Insurance Agency!

If you wish to buy houses or lands,

If you wish to hire a house, furnished or unfurnished,

If you wish to loan money on good securities, come to my office,

NO. 1, OPERA HOUSE,

COLORADO SPRINGS.

d-27-tf

G. P. Putnam's Sons,

27 and 29 West 23d st., N. Y.

HAVE NOW READY:

STANTON. THE WOMAN QUESTION IN EUROPE. A series of essays by representative European women, on the Status and Progress of Woman's Work in Connection with the Suffrage, Education, Medicine and Industrial Pursuits. Edited by Theodore Stanton. Octavo, cloth, extra.

A SELECTION FROM THE CONTENTS.

England—The Woman's Suffrage Movement, by Millicent Garrett Fawcett; The Woman's Educational Movement, by Maria G. Grey and Mary Shirreff; Women in Medicine, by Frances E. Hoggan, M. D.; The Industrial Movement, by Jessie Boucherett.

Germany—By Mrs. Schepeler-Lotto of Berlin, and Marie Calm of Cassel.

France—By Mmes. Henry Greville, Isabelle Bogelot, Leon Bertaux, A. De Morsier, Alfd. Dereisme, and MM. Accolas, Godin, Lemoustier, and Foucart.

Italy—By Aurelia de Luna, Dora D'Istra, and Miss Mozzoni.

Russia—By Marie Zebrikoff.

Sweden—By Rosalie Olivecrona.

Belgium—By Mlle. Van Diest.

Holland—By Elsie Van Celoen.

Austria—By Mme. Wolf Leitenbeiger.

Norway—By R. E. Berner and Camilla Colett.

Switzerland—By Mme. Marie Goegg.

Portugal—By Rodrigues de Freitas.

Denmark—By Cirstine Frederiksen of Copenhagen.

Poland—By Mme. Elise Orzesko.

The Orient, including the Ottoman, Armenian, Jewish, Bulgarian and Turkish Communities—By Kalliope A. Kehaya, a Greek woman of Constantinople.

Bohemia—By Elise Krasnohorska.

Spain—By Mme. Concepcion Arenal.

Roumania—By Mme. Fichtenmaker.

It will be noted from the above list that the papers have been prepared by writers who are themselves residents of the communities described and who speak from their own knowledge. The book is not in any way argumentative, but presents a very curious and valuable compendium of facts, statistics, methods and pictures of life.

THORNS IN YOUR SIDES. A novel. By Harriette A. Keyser, author of "On the Borderland." 16mo, cloth, $1.00.

Send for Putnam's new catalogue, just issued.

"THE USURPER!"

An Episode in Japanese History.

A Romance. Translated from the French of Judith Gautier by Abby L. Alger. $1.50.

R. H. Stoddard, the poet, writes of the "Usurper": "It is a romance in the best sense of the word. There is nothing in English fiction with which we can compare a romance like this unless it be Scott's 'Ivanhoe.' We do not propose to tell, even to indicate, the story of this romance, which is well conceived, shapely in its parts and consistent as a whole, not to hint at the personality of the different characters, two of which are as noble as they are beautiful; all that we propose to do is simply to say: Here is a prose poem of the Japan of A. D. 1615. It represents the life and manners of that country at that time, the splendid, strong life and the barbaric manners—and so represents them that they pass before the imagination like a gorgeous pageant, a pageant the picturesqueness of which recalls its only parallel in modern fiction, the background of George Ebers's 'Daughter of an Egyptian King.' If Mlle. Gautier is not a woman of genius she is nothing."

All booksellers have this book for sale. Mailed, postpaid, by the publisher,

ROBERTS BROS., Boston.

F. G. ROWE,

Real Estate.

$10,000 TO LOAN

In Sums from $500 Up.

FOR RENT.

Furnished Houses.

Private residence, elegantly furnished.	
House of 9 rooms, Weber st	65.00
House of 6 rooms, Nevada ave	30.00
House of 8 rooms Kiowa st	15.00
House of 4 rooms, Willamette ave	25.00
House of 5 rooms, Kiowa st	25.00
House of 9 rooms, Cascade ave	50.00
House of 4 rooms, Costilla st	20.00
Residence of 8 rooms	60.00
House of 8 rooms, Cucharas st	15.00
Residence of 9 rooms	150.00

Unfurnished Houses.

House of 5 rooms, Cucharas st	10.00
2-room house, Nevada ave	4.00
House of 5 rooms on garden tract	15.00
House of 4 rooms, Vermijo ave	5.00
House of 4 rooms, Costilla st	11.00
House of 6 rooms, Nevada ave	20.00
House of 4 rooms, Cascade ave	13.00
House of 5 rooms, Tejon st	25.00
House of 9 rooms, Cascade ave	40.00
House of 8 rooms, Tejon st	6.00
House of 6 rooms, Tejon st	20.00

BARN.

Commodious stable suitable for small livery.

STORES.

Three nice stores on Tejon st.

An Entirely New List of Property For Sale will be Advertised in this Column Each Week. List for the Week Ending July 12th, 1884, is as follows:

FOR SALE.

5120	WEBER ST Cottage house on a beautiful corner lot 100x190, full of small fruits in great variety, which will yield a heavy crop	$6,000
6218	RANCH—Near town; 35 acres good bottom land, 35 acres pasture, living spring, abundance of ditch water; will exchange for team or stock	800
6217	CASCADE AVE Cottage house on corner lot	1,150
6218	PIKE'S PEAK AVE.—Very attractive residence, fine grounds	6,500
5577	CASCADE AVE—Very desirable corner with large sunny house	5,000
5495	NEVADA AVE House with modern conveniences, stable, nice lawn, fruit trees, etc.	7,500
5396	VERMIJO AVE—Small house and lot	300
6187	TEJON ST—Cottage house of 6 rooms, furnished	1,800
6150	BUSINESS—Pays well	
5496	N. TEJON ST Vacant lot	2,100
5548	KIOWA ST Vacant lot	225

Parties thinking of buying, selling, renting or loaning money cordially invited to call.

Carriage always in attendance to examine property.

F. G. ROWE,

No. 17, North Tejon St., Opp. Opera House.

THE

Chicago & North-Western

RAILWAY

is the OLDEST, BEST CONSTRUCTED, BEST EQUIPPED and hence the

LEADING RAILWAY

OF THE

WEST AND NORTHWEST

It is the SHORT, SURE and FAST route between

Council Bluffs

—AND—

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE

And all points EAST, such as

Niagara Falls, New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Washington, Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Montreal, Toronto, Detroit, Cleveland.

At Council Bluffs the Trains of the Chicago North-Western and the U. P. R'ys depart from, arrive at and use the same joint union depot.

At Chicago close connections are made with the Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Ft. Wayne and Pennsylvania, and Chicago & Grand Trunk R'ys, and the Kankakee and Pan Handle routes

Palace Drawing Room Cars

Are run on all through trains of this road.

It is the ONLY ROAD between

COUNCIL BLUFFS and CHICAGO

Upon which is run the celebrated

Imperial Dining Cars.

Insist upon ticket agents selling you tickets via this road. Examine your tickets, and refuse to buy if they do not read over the Chicago & North-Western railway.

If you wish the best traveling accommodations you will buy your tickets by this route AND WILL TAKE NONE OTHER.

All ticket agents sell tickets by this line.

GEO. J. WILLIAMSON, Traveling Agent.

W. H. BABCOCK, General Agent.

Windsor Hotel Block, Denver. b-1-tf

Wrapping Paper,

Wrapping Paper,

Wrapping Paper,

At the Gazette Office.

Wills & Sharpless

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE.

NOTARIES PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS.

City and Country Property

For Sale on Easy Terms.

MONEY TO LOAN

On approved Real Estate security in sums to suit borrowers.

We Offer the Following Desirable Properties:

FOR RENT.

FURNISHED HOUSES.

	Per mo.
No. 811 N Cascade, 12 rooms	$45
Residence, 10 rooms, stable, etc., N Nevada	100
No. 524 N Weber, 6 rooms, bath room	40
No. 828 N Nevada, 8 rooms	45
No. 1102 N Weber, 9 rooms	70
No. 917 N Nevada, 8 rooms, or part of them	
House of 8 rooms, stable, etc., on Mesa road	75
No. 21 S Corona, 8 rooms	60
No. 219 E Platte, 7 rooms	45
No. 323 Bijou, 3 rooms	25

UNFURNISHED HOUSES.

	Per mo.
No. 221 Kiowa, partly furnished	40
No. 1028 N Weber, 5 rooms	$15
No. 208 S Cascade, each half, 4 rooms	18
House and 320 acres of land, north of town	
No. 630 S Nevada, 6 rooms	17
No. 830 N Nevada, 5 rooms	20
No. 608 S Cascade, 8 rooms	20
No. 829 N Cascade, 8 rooms	25
No. 7 N Tejon, 4 office rooms	
No. 421 S Weber, 2 rooms	5
No. 12 N Nevada, 5 rooms	15
No. 12 and 14 E Pike's Peak, 3 vacant rooms	
No. 218 S Wahsatch, 8 rooms	13
No. 16 E St. Vrain, 8 rooms, bath room	20
No. 917 N Nevada, 8 rooms or part of them	
No. 19 W Moreno, 3 rooms	5
No. 123 W Cimarron, 3 rooms	4
House on Monument, 9 rooms	25
No. 109 Cheyenne ave., 4 rooms	10
No. 111 E Boulder, 7 rooms	20
No. 119 E St. Vrain, 8 rooms	25
No. 132 E Cucharas, 6 rooms	15
No 320 Tejon, 6 rooms, bath room	20
No. 112 S Costilla, 4 rooms	12

Special Bargains for Sale.

The new house of seven rooms on the corner of S Nevada and Moreno, facing south and east, in the best of order; full lot 50x190 feet, good stable, etc.; improvements cost $2,800. The owner having removed from town and wishing to realize will sell at a low price.

The 100x190 foot lot of the southwest corner of N Weber and San Rafael, with house of 5 rooms in good order, corral, stable, etc. We can sell this desirable property for $2,100.

Lot 11, block 50; to be sold for the best offer within ten days.

☞ We have a long list of properties, improved and otherwise, which we should be pleased to show parties desiring to purchase, who will favor us with a call.

OFFICE, NO. 19 N. TEJON STREET.

Opp. Opera House.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Cards under this head state profession and address. Any other matter will be charged for at our card rates.

W. A. RICHARDS

County Surveyor,

U. S. Deputy Mineral Surveyor

OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE.

dwl-tf

DR. HARTUNG,

DENTIST.

OF CLASS '75, N. Y. Dental college. Office hours 8 to 12, 2 to 4. Room 6, over Robinson's drug store. f-25 1m

DR. JAMES R. WILCOX,

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, southeast corner of Nevada and Huerfano sts. Have been in active practice for thirty-five years and made diseases of women and children a specialty. f-7-3m

E. C. WEBSTER, M. D.

Office No. 7 S. Tejon street.

RESIDENCE—NO. 512 N TEJON ST. Have for the past seventeen years made a special study of female and children's diseases. d-11-tf

B. T. COWEN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Colorado Springs, Colo.

OFFICE—Over First National Bank. b-3-1y

JOHN CAMPBELL. J. E. McINTYRE.

CAMPBELL & McINTYRE,

Attorneys-at-Law,

ROOMS 6 and 7, Opera House. d-6-tf

FOWLER & PALMER,

DENTISTS.

ROOMS in Prowitt Block, Tejon street, opposite Giddings & Stillman's. f-11-tf

TRADE DIRECTORY.

All cards under this head consist of announcements of particular branch of trade and address. Any other matter in them will be charged for at our card rates.

W. C. T. U.

The W. C. T. U. meets 2d and 4th Tuesdays each month in the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

COLORADO FOR INVALIDS

BY DR. S. E. SOLLY.

Health Resorts of Colo. Springs and Manitou

FOR SALE AT

Howbert Bros.' and J. H. Eoff's.

f-11-tf

DAILY GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, JULY 11, 1884.

DISTRICT COURT.

Arguments in the Burnham Habeas Corpus Case.

When court opened yesterday morning at 10 o'clock Judge Cochran in the case of Hager vs. Doty asked for the appointment of A. L. Lawton, of this city, as custodian of the property in question until the settlement of the suit.

Judge Dixon, counsel in the suit of W. J. Palmer vs. J. C. Reitt, filed a bond and asked for the removal of the case to the United States circuit court. An order to that effect was made by the judge.

The argument in the Burnham habeas corpus case was then begun, Messrs. Bentley, Campbell and Hooke appearing for the city, and Messrs. McMorris and Williams for the petitioner. Judge McMorris first took up the argument. He read the grounds on which the habeas corpus was applied for, also the complaint, transcript of judgment and writ of execution annexed. He offered in evidence a certified copy of the minutes of the council meeting of April 17, 1878, on which date the liquor ordinance was passed.

Judge Hooke objected to the introduction of the evidence, holding that the court could not go back of the judgment and question the validity of the ordinance.

In his argument Judge McMorris questioned the jurisdiction of Judge Pixley to render the judgment under which Mr. Burnham had been incarcerated. He held that the ordinance under which the body of the petitioner had been seized and locked up was void, as it had not been passed in the manner prescribed by the statute, inasmuch as the ayes and noes had not been called and recorded. He also maintained that it was void because it was unreasonable and in the restraint of trade. He cited a number of decisions to substantiate his argument. Mr. McMorris said that it was ridiculous for the city, allowing that the ordinance was void, to say that they could fall back on the ordinance of 1878, which had never been repealed. This ordinance he claimed had virtually been repealed by the reorganization of the city.

In the afternoon Judge Williams made a lengthly argument in the interest of the petitioner. He, before starting out, said that he had not given the matter thorough study. He first recited the common law on individual life, liberty and happiness. If there was any ordinance under which the judgment had been found and writ of execution issued it was under that passed on April 17th, 1878. Facts had been set up in the petition that have not been controverted by the other side. Judge Williams opposed the ground taken by Judge Hooke that the court could not go behind the judgment, and read some authorities to sustain what he said. He said that in the passage of all ordinances intentions were not available by municipal corporations, but that the statute must be strictly followed. This had not been done in the passage of the ordinance on April 17th, 1878. The names of the aldermen had not been given or the ayes and noes called. Judge Williams maintained that section 12 of what purported to be the ordinance did not authorize imprisonment. Further, if execution was issued at all it should have been issued at the same time judgment was rendered. Another point made in his argument was that the city marshal had no right or power to serve the writ of execution, he being an officer of limited powers and jurisdiction given him by the law governing cities of the second class. The execution in other respects was void because of its uncertainty. No place of imprisonment was named and the writ did not set forth that there had been a demand for the fine or a refusal to pay. It was also mandatory in its nature. In closing he asked that the judge give the matter careful consideration, and if there was a question of doubt it should be in favor of the party whose liberties had been invaded.

Judge Hooke then took up the argument in behalf of the city. He first touched on the question raised early in the day that the court had no right to go behind the judgment of Justice Pixley. This court, he said, was not a court of review. It had not the power to take evidence and reopen the case thus adjudicated. With this court it was a question of law, not evidence. In support of his argument Judge Hooke referred to a number of authorities. The question of the validity of the ordinance was not, he said, raised in the justice's court and therefore could not be in this court. Judge Hooke had but started with his argument when adjournment was taken until this morning at 10 o'clock.

MANITOU MENTION.

Press Association at the Western Saratoga.

Prominent Arrivals.

Comte de Camoy, of Paris, is registered at the Mansion.

N. Turner Macfallan, of Glasgow, Scotland, is at the Mansion.

Dr. Thomas Keir and son, of Rockford, Ill., are registered at the Cliff house.

J. Good Ruple, general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania Central railroad, is at the Mansion.

The Colorado State Press Association arrived last night on the 7 o'clock train from Denver. The party, which numbers about 60, stopped at the Mansion and will remain till this afternoon.

The Baker and Manitou houses sent the Monitor to Colorado Springs yesterday to meet the train from Denver at 11.36 a. m. None of the morning trains were able to run on account of the washouts. The damages were repaired during the morning and in the afternoon the regular trains ran.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Mansion House—John N Dinand, wife and nurse, Boulder; H Whittemer, New York; C W Dinand, J M Dinand, Jr, E A Buck, New York; Mrs L R Norwood, daughter and maid, New York; Count de Canivy, Paris; N Turner MacLellan, Glasgow, Scotland; Frank S Smith, Cheyenne; F W Smith and family and nurse, Albuquerque, N M; Jas P Smith and wife, Virginia; W H Bacon and wife, J P Barnes and wife, Colorado Springs; Leo Block, Rochester, N Y; J G Ruple, Denver; H Pottlitzer, N Y.

Barker House—L Schoenfeld, Chicago; W F Peck, W E Reber, Aurora, Neb; A M Abraham, Iowa; T B Stuart, T M Stuart, Denver; W Snoor and wife, Hastings, Neb; Mrs H A Ourns and son, San Jose.

Cliff House—B F Brown, Nashville, Tenn; Addie B Petrie, South Pueblo; Mrs C Bone, Lawrence, Kansas; Geo H Barton, Kansas City; R D Swope, Colorado Springs; Dr Thos Kerr, William Kerr, Rockford, Ill.

Manitou House—John A Clough, Jr, Denver; Robert G Le Conte, Philadelphia; Jules G Hoffman, E O Rice, Mr and Mrs R O Rice, Denver; G Heber Rice, Auburn, N Y; Eugene Rice, Miss Della A Miller, Denver.

Fay Templeton.

We hail with great pleasure the announcement of the Colorado Springs management that they have succeeded in effecting an engagement with the queen of comic opera, Fay Templeton. Manager Nye has secured to the people of Colorado Springs an artist well and widely known, and who comes among us fresh from her victories to dissipate care and infuse a little sunshine into our lives.

The Markets.

NEW YORK, July 10.—Governments firm; railways firm; state securities dull. In the stock market compared with last night the majority of the active stocks closed a fraction higher, the only advances of more than a fraction being Lackawanna 1⅞ and Lake Shore 1⅞. Transactions 245,000 shares.

3s	99½/4s		118¾
Adams Express	125	American Express	68
C B. & Q	111¼	Erie	18
L. & N. G	84	Preferred	34
Central Pacific	85⅛	N. Y. C.	100⅝
Missouri Pacific	105½	Union Pacific	82⅝
Northwestern	98¾	Wells Fargo	100
Preferred	123	Ontario	19½
Texas Pacific	8¾	Iron Silver	100
U. S. Express	49	Quicksilver	3
W. U. Telegraph	84¾	Preferred	20
Northern Pacific	17⅞	Homestake	8¼
Preferred	46⅝	Sutro	15

A Painful Discovery.

CINCINNATI, July 10. A painful discovery has been made that the late W. R. McGill, president of the Cincinnati & Eastern railroad, who came to his death last week by falling from the door of a baggage car to the bottom of a trestle near Winchester, had been raising money by fraudulent practice. This gives color to the theory that the death was suicide. He had been in easy circumstances, but by connection with the railroad had been much embarrassed. A number of notes purporting to have been given him on which he obtained money, have been discovered to be not genuine. Investigation is now in progress. It is thought the total amount will reach about $30,000, mostly among neighbors not able to bear the loss. Mr. McGill was a man of excellent reputation.

Best on Record.

CHICAGO, July 10. At the driving park today there was a special trial for Westmount the pacer with Firebrand as running mate to wagon. The horses were in good trim; started well and passed the quarter pole in 30¼ seconds, left the half mile in one minute, the three quarters in 1:30 and came under the wire in 2.01¾, the best on record. The crowd cheered at the last and caused Westmount to break, else the time would have been low than two minutes. Westmount was purchased by J. M. Hill the theatrical manager, for 20,000.

The English Crisis.

LONDON, July 10.—At a meeting of liberals at the foreign office to-day Gladstone, in view of the action of the lords on the franchise bill, decided to close parliament as soon as possible and call a new session very early to again pass the bill and submit it to the lords. Parliament, he said, would reassemble in October. He thought the lords would not again reject the bill, and promised that when parliament met next year the whole energies of the government would be devoted to the passage of complete measures for redistribution.

The Bishops' Conference.

BOSTON, July 10.—The executive committee of Independents instruct the chairman and secretary to confer by wire immediately upon reception of the nominations from Chicago with independents of New York, New Haven, Philadelphia, Buffalo, St. Louis and other places relative to the time and place of holding a national conference. The probabilities are that the conference will be held at New York.

Found Dead.

ZANESVILLE, O., July 10.—The body of a young girl of seventeen, named Gertie Phillips, was found in the woods not far from her home with a pistol-ball hole in the head. The girl has been missing since June 27, when last seen she was in the company of a man named Geo. Hunter, who has been arrested.

Nominated for Congress.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 10.—Republicans of the Eighth district held a convention at Crawfordsville to-day and nominated James T. Johnson for congress.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

Indications for Colorado Fair weather.

In exercising yesterday Maud S. trotted a mile in 2.12¼.

The interior of the royal armory at Madrid burned. Most of the contents were saved.

Rebellion against the Tartar dynasty has broken out at Shoo Shing Foo. Rebels are in possession of the city.

A Berlin dispatch says: The bundesrath has adjourned but will soon be convened to consider cholera measures.

The national association of commercial travelers elected Thos. A. Young president and J. R. Trosley, of St. Louis vice president.

Stockholders of the California Southern railroad met at Boston yesterday. $126,000 was subscribed of $250,000 needed to complete repairs of the road.

GEORGE CRISSEY. G. W. THOMAS.

CRISSEY & THOMAS,

DEALERS IN

CHICAGO AND COLORADO

LUMBER,

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

Building Paper Paints Oils Glass &c

Office and yard on corner Tejon and Bijou streets Colorado Springs. [illegible]

WRAPPING PAPER,

WRAPPING PAPER,

WRAPPING PAPER

THE GAZETTE OFFICE

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—Haines Bro's upright square grand piano. Inquire at No. 502 south Nevada avenue. [illegible]

FOR SALE—A few riding and driving ponies. Address P. O. box 23. [illegible]

FOR SALE—The only perfect riding horse. Give it a trial. Stevens & Rouse. [illegible]

FOR SALE—Old papers, for wrapping purposes. Special rates on large lots. Apply at this office.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two elegantly furnished rooms, with dressing rooms connecting; one splendidly furnished room with bathroom; suite of rooms—parlor, bedroom and bathroom—to gentlemen only. One and a half blocks from the Antlers hotel. Apply to A. L. Lawton, real estate, loan and insurance agent. [illegible]

FOR RENT—Brick cottage of 6 rooms on Weber street; or for sale for small cash payments and long time on balance, if desired. Apply to Dr. R. C. Kimball. [illegible]

FOUND.

FOUND—A bracelet. Come up, pay for this notice and get your jewelry. 1

Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Colorado Springs Gas & Coke company will be held at the office of the company, in the city of Colorado Springs, Colo., at 2 o'clock p. m., on Friday, the 11th day of July, 1884.

A. S. WELLS, Secretary.

Colorado Springs, July 1, 1884. [illegible]

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT PUEBLO, Col., June 5, 1884.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settlers have filed notice of their intention to make final proof in support of their claims, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Pueblo, Colo., on July 16, 1884. viz:

Stephen George Kellogg declaratory statement No. 9,076 for the sw qr se qr of section 19, west bf of ne qr and se qr ne qr of section 30, township 15 south, range 67 w. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Charles P. Anderson, John W. Armstrong, Samuel C. Thompson and James Hunter, all of Sanborn post office, Bent county, Colorado.

Charles P. Anderson declaratory statement No. 9,069 for the e hf se qr of section 30, sw qr nw qr of section 29 and nw qr nw qr of section 32, township 15 south, range 67 w. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Stephen G. Kellogg, John W. Armstrong, James Hunter and Samuel C. Thompson, all of Sanborn post office, Bent county, Colorado.

John W. Armstrong declaratory statement No. 9,065 for the se qr sw qr of section 19, n hf nw qr and sw qr nw qr of section 30, township 14 south, range 66 w. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Samuel C. Thompson, Charles P. Anderson, James Hunter and Stephen G. Kellogg, all of Sanborn post office, Bent county, Colorado.

Also, the following who will offer their proof before the judge and ex-officio clerk of El Paso county court, at Colorado Springs, Colorado, on the same day:

Joseph H. Gately H. S. No. 1,559 for the w hf ne qr and e hf nw qr of section 23, township 11 south, range 64 w. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: A. J. Brazelton, J. C. Cook, Isaac Vandenberg and Anderson Welty, all of Westonville post office El Paso county, Colorado.

Mary Ann Blakeslee H. S. No. 1,311 for s hf lots 3 and 4 and lot 5 and n hf lot 6 of section 7, township 12 south, range 68 w. She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Sarah Elsworth, A. P. Darrow, M. A. Dickerson and Charles Ricken, all of Summit Park post office, El Paso county, Colorado.

MARK L. BLUM, Register.

MINE AND RANCH.

An Area [illegible] for the Consideration of All Classes.

THE MINER,

THE FARMER,

THE CATTLE GROWER,

THE WOOL GROWER,

THE MERCHANT,

THE BANKER,

THE LAWYER,

THE HOUSEWIFE,

THE LIBRARY,

READ THE UNUSUAL INDUCEMENTS

THE DENVER WEEKLY TRIBUNE

Undoubtedly the best paper for all classes in or out of

COLORADO

Published in the West, containing the very latest mining and Agricultural information and general news from all sections, including complete market reports, movements of cattle, sheep and hogs, mining transactions, real estate movements and a condensed resume of events all over the State. Should be received by every person living in or interested in the Centennial Commonwealth.

To accommodate its friends and induce increased subscriptions THE TRIBUNE has made a number of

Valuable Clubbing Combinations

With the leading weekly and monthly publications of the United States, and which are offered by no other paper in the country.

READ THE BIG LIST!

The Weekly Tribune and Harper's Magazine, both one year,	$4 60
The Weekly Tribune and Harper's Weekly, both one year,	4 70
The Weekly Tribune and Harper's Bazar, both one year,	4.70
The Weekly Tribune and Harper's Young People, both one year,	2 70
The Weekly Tribune and Century Magazine, both one year,	5 00
The Weekly Tribune and St. Nicholas, both one year,	5 00
The Weekly Tribune and Youth's Companion, both one year,	3 25
The Weekly Tribune and Rural New Yorker, including seed distribution, both one year,	3 25
The Weekly Tribune and Chicago Weekly Inter-Ocean, both one year,	2 35
The Weekly Tribune and Farmers' Review, Chicago, both one year,	2 50
The Weekly Tribune and Rural Nebraska, Omaha, both one year,	2 50
The Weekly Tribune and Arthur's Home Magazine, Philadelphia, one year,	3 00
The Weekly Tribune and The Dial, a Literary Journal, both one year,	3 00
The Weekly Tribune and American Agriculturist, both one year,	2 50

Weekly Tribune $2.00 per Year.

Sample copies of Weekly Tribune sent on application. Address,

TRIBUNE PUBLISHING CO.,

DENVER, COLO.

THE LITERARY WORLD

E. H. AMES & CO., Boston.

OFFICE Congregational House, Beacon and Somerset streets, Room 11.

ADVERTISING RATES: First page, per line, 20 cents; other advertising pages, 15 cents; or $40.00 per column, each insertion.

Published every other Saturday, at

$2.00 Per Year, in Advance

HOUGHTON, MIFFLIN & CO'S

NEW BOOKS.

A COUNTRY DOCTOR. A novel. By Sarah Orne Jewett, author of "Deephaven," "Country By-Ways," etc. 16mo, $1.25.

In this novel Miss Jewett uses on a larger scene and with increased effect the qualities which have made her short stories so popular and so thoroughly delightful. A woman physician figures in it, but the story is quite unlike the novels by Mr. Howells and Miss Phelps in which women physicians are the heroines. It gives wonderfully accurate pictures of New England characters, customs and scenery; the heroine is "one of our girls" and as such will charm readers as few heroines do in current novels. The freshness, the sincerity, the helpful sympathy, which render Miss Jewett's stories at once so attractive and wholesome, pervade "A Country Doctor," and can hardly fail to make it one of the most widely popular and welcome of this summer's novels.

THE FATE OF MANSFIELD HUMPHREYS. With the Episode of Mr. Washington Adams in England, and an Apology. By Richard Grant White. 16mo, $1.25.

This is one of the most entertaining of "International" books, in which the mutual misconceptions and prejudices of Englishmen and Americans are developed and illustrated.

PHŒBE. A Novel. By the author of "Rutledge." 16mo, $1.25.

An American story in character and incidents, told with so much life and spirit that it will be hailed as a special boon by novel readers. To a multitude looking for summer reading, this story needs no other recommendation than that it is by the author of "Rutledge."

THE AMERICAN HORSEWOMAN. By Elizabeth Karr. Illustrated, 12mo, $2.00.

An admirably practical book. The selection and management of a horse, all the details of equipment, every separate article of dress that the rider should wear, and the making of it—all these are described specifically; and the book is made still more useful by illustrative cuts, the whole forming a manual of great value to any lady who would become thoroughly skillful in the equestrienne art.

SUMMER. From the Journals of H. D. Thoreau, author of "Walden," "Cape Cod," etc. Edited by H. G. O. Blake. With a map of Concord. 12mo, gilt top, $1.50.

This book comprises selections from Thoreau's Journals containing observations and reflections during the summers of many years. Some of these are descriptive, with that fine photographic accuracy which makes Thoreau's pictures of natural scenery. Other passages contain those subtle reflections on society, religion, laws, literature, which also characterize whatever Thoreau wrote, and which pique the curiosity and stimulate the minds of his readers.

For sale by all booksellers and newsdealers. Sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of price by the publishers.

Houghton, Mifflin & Co.,

BOSTON.

Scribner & Welford's

NEW BOOKS.

UNIVERSAL HISTORY. The Oldest Historical Group of Nations and the Greeks. By Leopold von Ranke. Edited by G. W. Prothero. 8vo, cloth, $4.50.

THE RIVER CONGO. From its mouth to Bolobo. With a General Description of the Natural History and Anthropology of its Western Basin. By H. H. Johnston. 8vo cloth, $7.00.

"No quarter of the globe surpasses Central Asia in present interest, and Mr. H. H. Johnston has written an instructive account of his careful exploration of the river Congo from its mouth to Bolobo. He writes as a traveler, as an artist, and as a naturalist, and gives encouraging pictures of the development of a very wonderful region."—[Literary World.

WICLIF AND HUS. By Dr. Loserth. Translated by the Rev. M. J. Evans, B. A. Crown 8 vo, $2.50.

"The connection between Hus and Wiclif has, thanks to Dr. Loserth, now been thoroughly investigated. The result of such a study of the works of Hus and Wiclif as that undertaken by Dr. Loserth goes far toward showing that the movement started by Wiclif never ceased till it culminated in the Diet of Worms."—[Academy.

THREE HUNDRED ENGLISH SONNETS. Chosen and edited with a few notes by David M. Main. 16mo, cloth, uncut, gilt top, $2.40.

WOOD ENGRAVING. A Manual of Instruction. By W. J. Linton, author of "A History of Wood Engraving in America." With 63 illustrations. 8vo, cloth, $4.20.

"This is a manual of instruction; a book which should be in the hands of every engraver and every engraver's apprentice on both sides of the Atlantic; a book which maintains in no hesitating terms what is certainly right, at a time when the whole tendency of those for whom it is written is as certainly wrong: a book to be studied." St. James's Gazette.

The above books are for sale by all booksellers, or will be sent upon receipt of advertised price. Catalogues of rare and curious second-hand books, music and musical literature, and detailed lists of our regular stock will be sent on application. A new catalogue of science and curious books, also one devoted to rural sports and pastimes, will be mailed, if desired, to those interested.

SCRIBNER & WELFORD,

No. 745 Broadway, New York.

DO NOT FORGET THE GRAND CLEARANCE SALE

AT

Aiken's Music Store & Museum

EVERYTHING MARKED DOWN

Sheet Music Half Price; Other Musical Goods 20 Per Cent. Off.

Mounted Birds, Deer Heads, Etc., 1-2 to 1-4 Price.

Everything rearranged and marked in conspicuous figures. Call soon, as the sale will last but a short time. [illegible]

Connecting the Trunk Lines at Denver and Pueblo with the Central Pacific at Ogden. Its Main Lines and Numerous Branches extend to all the Principal Cities, Mining Camps, Health and Pleasure Resorts, Coal Lands, Stock Regions and Agricultural Sections of Colorado, Utah and New Mexico. Solid Trains, with PULLMAN SLEEPERS, through without change between

Denver and Ogden,

Denver and Leadville,

Denver and Salt Lake City.

Magnificent Scenery, Elegant Equipment, Pullman Buffet Sleepers.

AND FAST TIME.

E. E. RICKER, General Superintendent. A. S. HUGHES, Traffic Manager. S. K. HOOPER, General Pass. and Ticket Agt.

DENVER, COLO.

THE GAZETTE

JOB DEPARTMENT & BINDERY

ARE BY FAR THE

Best Equipped and Most Complete

IN COLORADO

IN THE JOB DEPARTMENT

We are prepared to do the very

BEST OF WORK

AT RIGHT PRICES.

Our Work Will Always Bear Inspection and We Defy Competition in Prices

IN THE BINDERY

—WE CAN

BIND YOUR WORK

AT MODERATE PRICES AND

Equal in Every Respect to that Done in Past.

This Department is Fully Established and under the management of a competent and experienced foreman.

Special Attention Given to Binding of Magazines and Periodicals.

BLANK BOOKS

Of Any Size and Style Gotten Up.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, JULY 11, 1884.

TIME TABLES.

Denver & Rio Grande Railway.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

No. 7. Pacific express, for Gunnison, Salt Lake and California, arrives 9.34 a. m., departs 9.39 a. m.
" 1. Leadville mail, arrives 11.16 a. m., departs 11.21 a. m.
" 5. Kansas City Express, arrives 2.10 p. m., departs 2.15 p. m.
" 3. Leadville, Durango and Silverton express, arrives 11.03 p. m.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

Leadville, Durango and Silverton express, arrives 3.47 a. m., departs 3.52 a. m.
" 6. Kansas City Express, arrives 12.15 p. m., departs 12.20 p. m.
" 4. Leadville mail, arrives 4.22 p. m., departs 4.27 p. m.
" 8. Atlantic express, from California, Salt Lake and Gunnison, arrives 5.40 p. m.
" 9. Manitou special, leaves Denver at 4 p. m., arrives at Colorado Springs 6.40 p. m.
" 10. Manitou special, returning leaves Colorado Springs for Denver at 7.20 a. m. and arrives at Denver at 10.25 a. m. Daily except Sunday.
" 11. Sunday excursion, leaves Denver at 8 a. m. and arrives at Colorado Springs at 11.15 a. m.
" 12. Sunday excursion, leaves Colorado Springs 6.25 p. m., and arrives at Denver at 9.30 p. m.

Trains Nos. 1 and 4 will not run on Sunday.

Colorado Springs & Manitou R'y.

WESTWARD.	EASTWARD.
No. 31—Leaves 9.50 a. m.	No. 32—Arrives 9.05 a. m
No. 33— " 11.25 a. m.	No. 34— " 10.50 a. m
No. 35— " 12.30 p. m.	No. 36— " 12.15 p. m
No. 37— " 3.20 p. m.	No. 38— " 1.10 p. m
No. 39— " 4.30 p. m.	No. 40— " 3.20 p. m
No. 9— " 6.45 p. m.	No. 10— " 7.15 a. m
No. 11* " 11.30 a. m.	No. 12* " 6.30 p. m

* Sundays only.

Trains 33, 34, 37, 38, 39 and 40 will not run on Sunday.

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities East, at the depot. Parties can select their own route.

Trains now running through to Leadville. Pullman palace sleepers attached to night trains. Horton reclining chair cars on day trains. Observation cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge in the Grand Canyon.

For full information call on or address

E. P. BLACK, Agent.

Denver & New Orleans Railway.

LEAVES.	ARRIVES.
For Pueblo... 6.35 p. m.	From Denver, 6.35 p. m.
" Denver.. 9.15 a. m.	" —Pueblo, 10.10 a. m.
For Denver‡ 9.15 p. m.	From Denver‡ 11.30 a. m.
‡Sundays only.	‡Sundays only.

Postoffice Bulletin.

The postoffice is open daily from 7.30 a. m. to 7.30 p. m. Sundays from [illegible] to 11 a. m. Mails arrive and depart [illegible]

GOING SOUTH		DEPART.
Via D. & R. G.	[illegible] a. m. / 10.26 a. m.	[illegible] p. m
Via D. & N. O.		5 p. m
GOING NORTH		
Via D. & N. O.	9.00 a. m.	
Via D. & R. G.		4.02 p. m / 5.30 p. m.
MAIL FROM THE NORTH.		ARRIVE
Via D. & R. G.	9.44 a. m. / 11.26 a. m.	11.21 p. m
Via D. & N. O.		7.45 p. m.
MAIL FROM THE SOUTH.		
Via D. & N. O.		10.20 p. m.
Via D. & R. G.	4.07 a. m.	4.32 p. m. / 6.00 p. m.
	DEPART	ARRIVE
Colorado City & Manitou.... / Manitou........	10.56 a. m. / 4.02 p. m.	11.26 a. m. / 4.22 p. m

Mail for Sunview and Hatton closes Sunday at 8.00 p. m. Arrives Thursday at 6.00 p. m.

Mail for Suffolk and Sanborn closes Monday at 12 m., and arrives Saturday at 8 p. m.

Telegraph Office Hours

Week days.............................8 a. m. to 8 p. m
Sundays.................8 to 10 a. m. and 4 to 6 p. m

MISS M. A. CARPENTER, Manager.

Colorado College Weather Observations.

July 10th, 1884.

	Ther.	Wet Bulb.	Bar.
Yesterday, 8 p. m...	63	59.5	24.173
To-day, 7 a. m.			24.162
To-day, 2 p. m	83.5	62.5	24.111

YESTERDAY'S TEMPERATURE.

Mean.	Max.	Min.	Range
65.[illegible]	[illegible]	51	2[illegible]

Rainfall, since 2 p. m. yesterday 0.35 inch.
Wind, since 2 p. m. yesterday, 158 miles.

H. A. True went north on the Thunderbolt yesterday.

Mrs. Slin Cantrell and children are visiting Walt Smith's family.

Dr. Willis Lord has gone to New York where he will remain some time.

Judge J. C. Helm came down from Denver on the Manitou express last night.

G. L. Hodgson left for Irwin yesterday via Denver and the South Park railroad.

J. F. Pebbles was called to Pueblo yesterday to attend some important business.

Hon. Erastus Wells, one of St. Louis' most prominent citizens, is a guest at the Antlers.

All of the Colorado Springs banks have had their time locks cleaned by a Denver expert.

Bacon & Carr have a car load of the old Coal Creek coal which they are selling at $5.50 per ton.

Judge D. J. Dixon, one of Denver's most prominent attorneys, was in attendance at the district court yesterday.

It is expected that some of the liquor cases which have been appealed to the county court will be disposed of next week.

Fay Templeton, who appears here next week, is credited with having one of the strongest comic opera companies on the road.

The washouts on the Manitou branch of the Denver & Rio Grande were repaired yesterday morning and trains were running regularly in the afternoon.

The liquor case against Charles Stockbridge which was to have come up before Justice Pixley yesterday afternoon was again continued until 2 p. m. to-day.

Stenographer Hollister, who has been attending the special term of the district court, returned to his home in Denver yesterday, his services not being needed any more this term.

Mrs. Dr. Meserve, who was so badly shocked by the stroke of lightning on Wednesday afternoon, was much better yesterday, although still suffering some from nervous prostration.

Judge Colburn was in Denver yesterday and no business was transacted in the county court. It is very probable that court will adjourn until next Monday in order to not interfere with the district court.

The hearts and home of Capt. and Mrs. W. B. Jenness, of Denver, was gladdened by the coming of a beautiful daughter, only to be left dark by her death July 4th. She was brought to Colorado Springs for interment.

The case against Tipton on the charge of mayhem, in biting the nose of George W. Woodward in his Fourth of July fight, came up before Justice Fields yesterday, and was continued until next Monday at 2 o'clock p. m.

Mr. T. S. Gilmore, manager of the St. Louis Magazine, was a caller at the GAZETTE office yesterday. He is making new views and preparing an article on Colorado Springs and Manitou to be published in the magazine in a short time.

The roller rink was opened last night for the benefit of the colored population, they having the exclusive use of it as they will on Thursday night of each week. On Saturday nights the rink will be open for the public. Music will be furnished by the band.

Beyond making the water roily the storm of Wednesday afternoon did but little damage at the head of the main in Engleman's canon. Superintendent Carithers with a force of men worked all night to clear away debris from the settler, and the water was flowing all right yesterday morning.

About forty members of the Colorado Press association came down on the Manitou express last night and went direct to Manitou where they will remain until this afternoon, then go to Palmer lake, where a stop of two or three hours will be made, thence back to Denver. While at Manitou the excursionists are the guests of Messrs. Bailey & Walker at the Mansion.

Harry Buckley, an old-timer in the profession and for five years or more the business representative of Fay Templeton, was a caller at the GAZETTE office last night. He is here making the preliminary arrangements for the appearance here of this popular comic opera company two nights next week. Mr. Buckley in 1880 played "Fay" at Court House hall for a week to paying business. He says she will do double the business now in our little gem of an opera house.

The county commissioners yesterday ordered a change in the county roads in township 17, range 65 west, in accordance with a favorable report presented by Messrs. M. B. Corbin, S. A. Jackson and Alfred Rogers, the viewers appointed for that purpose. The remainder of the day was taken up by the board examining the tax schedules, increasing some and decreasing others. One week from next Monday the board will listen to any grievances made by tax payors.

Under date of Saturday, July 5th, A. M. Howland & Co., wool commission merchants of Boston, say that "domestic wool has been arriving quite freely, the receipts amounting to upwards of 6,000,000 pounds for the week, and buyers have now one of the largest and best assortments in the country to select from. There is very little change in the market since last week. Manufacturers are operating cautiously, are not purchasing to any extent, and appear to have no confidence in a higher range of prices at present. The prospects of trades are not very encouraging for wool, woolens, or in fact any kind of merchandise, and, although prices are now comparatively low, it is questionable if they will not touch a still lower point before the turning point is reached."

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

HALLETT & BAKER,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
No. 2 Pike's Peak Avenue. j 13 tf

Those who have seen the Milwaukee Road Cart acknowledge it excels all others in beauty of finish, convenience and durability. For sale by G. S. Barnes & Son. f-7-tf

The Perry road cart is the only one fit to ride in. For sale by Stevens & Rouse. o 27-tf

IMPORTANT TO TRAVELERS.

Close connections are now made by the D. & R. G. railroad in Union depot at Denver with the "Burlington Route" trains, thus enabling passengers from this city to take the popular line to all points east, making same time as by other roads with the advantage of going via Denver. Parties anticipating a trip east should procure tickets over this favorite route. Fast time and sure connections to Omaha, Kansas City, Chicago and the east. t-19-tf

The finest mayonaise dressing for all kinds of salads, cold meats, raw tomatoes, pickled salmon, cabbage, etc., is Durkee's Dressing Salad. It is, besides, more economical than home-made.

DR. HARTUNG,
Dentist
Of class '76, N. Y. Dental college.
Office hours, 9 to 12 and 2 to 4.
Room C, over Robinson's drug store.
f-28-1m

Mason's Self Sealing Fruit Jars at Fairley's.

Just received New Novelties in Glassware at Fairley's.

You can buy Cots, Puffs and Blankets cheap at Fairley's.

Be sharp! Go to Fairley's and get a Knife Sha[illegible]

Remember Fairley is the leader of low prices on Beds, Springs and Mattresses.

Fairley is knocking the bottom out of the window shade business.

When you want hard-time low prices on House Furnishing Goods go to Fairley's.

Take your Second-Hand Goods to Fairley. He will pay you an honest price.

D. B. FAIRLEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, third door east of City Drug Store.

BOOK STORE!

Hammocks

AND

Croquet.

J. H. Cuff

BOOKSELLER. o-1-tf

A Topographical and Geological Map of Colorado Springs, Manitou and Vicinity,

BY M. SEAMANS, C. E.

Subscriptions Received at

HOWBERT BROS. d-6-6m

Alfalfa for Sale.

IN

Quantities to Suit Buyer,

—At the following prices:

PER TON $12; BALES $14.

COLORADO SPRINGS

Investment & Improvement Co. g-8-tf

The Colorado Springs

Trunk Factory

Carries the largest and finest stock of

TRUNKS, VALISES, CLUB BAGS

AND

Ladies' Hand Satchels

In the state, and at LOWER PRICES. Call and examine the stock and prices.

Repairing Done Promptly,

H. T. O'BRIEN, Proprietor,

[GEORGE A. BERRY, Salesman.

At the Sign of Mammoth Blue Trunk

ON HUERFANO ST. dwd17-3m

EDITION DE LUXE

OF THE

Works of Wm. Hickling Prescott

Messrs. J. B. Lippincott & Co., of Philadelphia, have the pleasure of announcing that their edition de luxe of the works of W. H. Prescott, in fifteen volumes, is now complete.

This edition is printed from the type of the new revised edition, edited by J. Foster Kirk, on laid paper of the best quality, printed in the best style for which the press of this house is noted. It contains all of the thirty portraits printed on India paper, the plates having been carefully retouched expressly for this edition.

This edition corresponds in size and style with the de luxe editions of "Hawthorne" and "Emerson," so that lovers of good books can have those great American authors uniform.

The edition is limited to two hundred and fifty copies, which are numbered and registered, a portion of which, by the courtesy of the owners of the English copyright, have been sold in England.

J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO., Publishers

715-717 Market St., Philadelphia.

WM. MARLOW

UPHOLSTERER.

with

D. B. FAIRLEY,

Manufacturing to order or making over old furniture.

Hair Mattresses made over at the house or factory.

Carpet laying and making tents and awnings a specialty. I use nothing but the best machinery and material in the market.

WORKMANSHIP guaranteed in every particular.

No. 103 Tejon St. Telephone No. 65. d-24-6m

M. L. DeCoursey

REAL ESTATE,

Colorado Springs, Colo.

FOR SALE:

The beautiful little mountain park near Manitou, Colorado Springs, the Garden of the Gods and Glen Eyrie, known as

BLAIR ATHOL.

Familiar to every citizen of Colorado Springs as the loveliest spot in the foot hills. The outlay of comparatively little money on this 160 acres will make it the most delightful home imaginable.

M. L. DeCOURSEY,

Real Estate and Mining Exchange,

CRESTED BUTTE, COLO.

FOR SALE:

A WELL-DEVELOPED PAYING

SILVER MINE.

The owners are out of funds and are compelled to sell to obtain means to hold and work other properties. I will allow buyer to take a reliable expert into this property, and I will sell it at whatever price said expert may put upon it. The ore averages 200 ounces to the ton. f-26-tf

Bacon & Carr,

TRANSFER COMPANY

AND AGENTS FOR

Hard and Soft Coal.

WILL TRANSFER YOUR BAGGAGE.
WILL MOVE YOUR PIANO.
WILL TRANSFER YOUR FREIGHT.
WILL MOVE YOUR GOODS.
WILL BOX YOUR PIANO.
WILL MOVE YOUR TRUNKS.
WILL SHIP YOUR EXPRESS
WILL CALL FOR YOU WITH CARRIAGE.
WILL CALL FOR YOU WITH OMNIBUS.

Office: No. 28 Pike's Peak Ave.

With the Pacific Express company, two doors west of First National bank, or Antlers Stable, No. 17 Cascade ave. Telephone No. 73.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

Night or day. Always send two men with baggage. g-3-1m

SPECIAL BUSINESS LOCAL.

Well Rewarded.

A liberal reward will be paid to any party who will produce a case of liver, kidney or stomach complaint that Electric Bitters will not speedily cure. Bring them along, it will cost you nothing for the medicine if it fails to cure, and you will be well rewarded for your trouble besides. All blood diseases, biliousness, jaundice, constipation and general debility are quickly cured. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Price only fifty cents a bottle. For sale by F. E. Robinson. dwk5ly

A Run on a Drug Store.

Never was such a rush for any drug store as is now at F. E. Robinson's for a trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds. All persons affected with asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness, severe coughs, or affection of the throat and lungs, can get a trial bottle of this great medicine FREE by calling at the above drug store. Regular size $1.00. dwk-5-1y

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by F. E. Robinson. dwk-5-1y

St. Vrain Dining Hall

AND

ICE CREAM PARLOR

Meals furnished at all hours.

Catering for Private Parties a Specialty.

DAY BOARD $6 PER WEEK.

A. A. Warren & F. H. Ray,

PROPRIETORS. f-12-1y

First National Bank

OF COLORADO SPRINGS.

Capital - - $50,000
Surplus Fund - 15,000

IRVING HOWBERT, President.
MATTHEW KENNEDY, Cashier. A. S. WELCH, Asst. Cashier.

Buys and sells foreign and domestic exchange and does a general banking business. k-2-tf

Established 1873.

EL PASO COUNTY

BANK.

Capital Paid in $100,000
Surplus 20,000

Transacts a general banking business. Drafts drawn on the principal cities of the United States and Europe.

WM. S. JACKSON, Cashier.
J. H. BARLOW, Assistant Cashier.

MEMBERS OF THE FIRM.

Wm. S. Jackson, O. H. White, J. H. Barlow
a-8-tf

SUCH BARGAINS

As you can buy in GLOVES, HOSIERY, SUMMER UNDERWEAR, SUMMER DRESS GOODS, EMBROIDERIES, LACES, LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S READY-MADE SUITS, SUMMER SHAWLS, WALKING JACKETS, JERSEYS, SILK DOLMANS, MANTELETTS and all other Summer Goods THIS MONTH, will not only be a surprise to the natives, but to all visitors fresh from the east who take advantage of the BARGAINS in store, that MUST BE SOLD to get money. I shall also make A DISCOUNT ON ALL WOOL FLANNELS AND LADIES' CLOTHS, making them very much cheaper than the same goods will be sold this fall or winter.

D. J. MARTIN

a 30-1y

Established 1871.

EDWARD FERRIS,

Old Pike's Peak Dry Goods Emporium

No Old or Shop-Worn Goods, but an

ENTIRELY NEW FRESH STOCK!

Don't be humbugged. My Goods are not only New and Fresh, but quite as cheap and sometimes cheaper than the so-called bankrupt stocks.

LOOK AT THE FOLLOWING

GREAT REDUCTIONS.

20 pieces new Standard Light and Medium PRINTS to 5c.
10 pieces new Standard PERCALES from 15c to 10c.
10 pieces new Standard PRINTED LAWNS from 15c to 10c.
5 pieces new SOLID COLORED LAWNS from 15c to 10c.
10 pieces new PRINTED LINEN LAWNS from 20c to 15c.
10 pieces new SATTEENS from 30c to 20c.
10 pieces new SATTEENS, Real French, from 50c to 40c.
100 REMNANTS of Cheviots, Cottonades, Ginghams, Canton Flannels, etc., at ABOUT HALF PRICE.
And DOZENS OF OTHER THINGS at Bargain Prices.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT OF

Parasols and Sun Umbrellas

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS CITY.

ONE MODERATE PRICE TO ALL.
NO MISREPRESENTATIONS.
POLITENESS AND COURTEOUS TREATMENT.
GLAD TO SHOW OUR GOODS.

EDWARD FERRIS

d 1 tf

Dry Goods Merchants are advertising IMMENSE REDUCTIONS and RARE BARGAINS. All we have to say is that we guarantee our prices as low, if not lower, than any house in the city, and give our customers a larger assortment to select from.

GIDDINGS BROS.

b 29 tf

TO LADIES ONLY!

Health of Body is Wealth of Mind.

B. C. HULL'S

Female Compound Extract

Will give immediate relief and cure entirely the worst forms of falling of the womb, leucorrhoea, irregular and painful menstruation, all ovarian troubles, inflammation and ulceration, floodings, all displacements and the consequent spinal weakness. The feeling of bearing down causing pain, weight and backache, is always relieved immediately and permanently cured by its continued use. It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system. It has done this in numerous cases, as can be clearly demonstrated.

Prepared by B. C. Hull & Co.,

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

$1.00 PER BOTTLE. g-1-3m

W. T. HENNOX & BRO

Proprietors of

The Old Reliable Transfer Line

And Dealers in

CANON CITY COAL.

Office at the Coal Yard, near Freight Depot. Order books at the hardware stores of Durkee & Lee and G. S. Barnes.

AINSWORTH BROWN

Opera House Block.

Painters' Materials and Oils

WALL PAPER, GLASS,

Shade Goods and Shade Fixtures,

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

Painting, Paper Hanging and Calcimining

CLIFFORD & JONES

(Successors to T. F. Clifford)

West Huerfano St.,

General Blacksmithing

and Horse Shoeing

Agents for

Walter A. Wood Mowers, Bain Wagons

And Agricultural Implements.

m-20-1y

W. H. D. MERRILL A. D. DAVIS.

MERRILL & DAVIS,

Sanitary Plumbers,

STEAM AND GAS FITTERS,

114 Pike's Peak avenue.

Telephone No. 49. Colorado Springs, Colo. h-17-1y

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®.COM